The Auburn Bulletin.

VOL 59. NO. 6142 — AUBURN, NEW YORK, THURSDAY, AUGUST 29, 1889. — FOUR P M

MC GLYNN.

HE DISCUSSES FATHER LAMBERT'S CASE AT WATERLOO.

The Excommunicated Priest Tells About the Priest who was not Excommunicated.

HIS DIFFERENCES WITH BISHOP MCQUAID—A VERY LARGE AUDIENCE.

Dr Edward McGlynn's presence in Waterloo attracted a number of his admirers to the Towsley house last evening, where, in his room, he entertained all his callers with his genial conversation. A BULLETIN representative was presented to him by one of his most ardent Waterloo admirers and chatted with him for half an hour in company with other newspaper men. The Doctor explained that he had come to Waterloo at the urgent request of the many warm friends of Father Lambert, of whom he himself was a strong admirer. "I did not come here" said he, "to fiercely attack Bishop McQuaid though, I must acknowledge, he is no friend of mine, for it would be like thrashing old straw. I will speak on the subject of 'Religion and Equal Rights' and will use Father Lambert's case only as an explanation of my own."

Despite the Doctor's original intents, the audience that assembled in the Academy of Music was not disappointed but listened to a lecture, no small portion of which was devoted to a discussion and explanation of the Lambert's case which has been a prolific subject of conversation in Waterloo for many months.

It was a little after 8 o'clock when Chairman Col Fred L Manning bowed Dr McGlynn to a chair upon the stage and the doctor looked down upon an audience that occupied nearly all the seats in the pit of the house, for each of which fifty cents had been paid. On the stage sat many of the most prominent men of the town including Col F L Manning, Dr S R Weller, Francis Bacon, Enos Laney, Prof J S Boughton, Philip Kendig, president of the village, C M Stahl, editor of the Waterloo Observer, Elias Vair, editor of the Seneca County News, Hon William B Clarke, Christopher Marshall, William Dempsey and James Kelley.

Chairman Manning in a graceful speech introduced the speaker of the evening as a man known almost as far as the English language is spoken. He expressed the hope that, despite the title of the lecture as advertised, the speaker might see fit to devote some time to the subject that was at present so agitating the minds of all of Father Lambert's friends.

When Dr. McGlynn rose and advanced to the front of the stage, he was greeted with several rounds of hearty applause to which he bowed his acknowledgements and in reference to Father Lambert's case spoke as follows:

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen:

You have heard the subject as announced, Religion and Equal rights. You have also heard the suggestion as made by your chairman. It was not long ago that I spoke at Cooper Institute in New York on the subject of "Father Lambert, a Priest who went to Rome and What he got There." My reason for meddling in this subject at all was that it was, in fact, a good illustration of my own case. Men still ask me why I did not go to Rome. Note Father Lambert's experience at the tomb of St. Peter. He had never been there before. He knew nothing of the customs of the priesthood of the Imperial city. So he obeyed the summons and went to Rome. It took him eight months to settle his case and, to make a pretense of something like fairness, it was advertised that Father Lambert had gained a point. What was the point that he gained after eight months in Rome and spending much money in traveling expenses? The point was that it was finally decided, "Yes, you do belong to the diocese of Rochester." Father Lambert now doubtless wishes that he did not belong to the diocese of Rochester. It was decided, in order to maintain the dignity of the Bishop, that he had a perfect right to remove Father Lambert from his parish and that the latter must make his submission, must go through some humiliation. And so, I suppose, they want to force him to express his great regret for having called the anonymous writer a "Tartuffe."

Since the Bishop's return it seems that Father Lambert has decided to make what they call a submission. I suppose for the sake of peace he is ready to express in diplomatic language his sorrow that he has done anything to cause the Bishop displeasure and Father Lambert, to be sure, is by this time heartily sorry that he ever appealed to Rome. Had he not, he might yet have been your pastor and, although suspended in all the rest of the diocese, yet still remain with you, his own dear people. For a long time he was persecuted and subjected to all manner of insults and inconveniences such as a Bishop can subject a priest to, when he is so inclined, but he did not dare to lay a finger on him or remove him from his parish. It was after Father Lambert had complained to the Propaganda that his cup of misfortune was filled. The answer to Father Lambert's letter did not come to Father Lambert himself but through the hands of the Bishop. It stated that it did not appear that he had been properly dispensed from his oath of obligation to the diocese of Alton, Illinois, where he was ordained in 1859, and therefore he did not legally belong to the diocese of Rochester and therefore he had no action against the Bishop of Rochester. It was on this technicality, on the blunder of a scribe, that Father Lambert was removed. So the Bishop wrote to Father Lambert stating that, as from the letter of the Propaganda it appears that you do not belong to the Rochester diocese, I therefore remove you and next Sunday Father So-and-So will take your church at Waterloo.

In the year 1873 the Propaganda issued an order to American bishops notifying them that a priest to be ordained in future should take an oath of permanent service in the diocese for which he be ordained and from which he could be dispensed only by Rome. Since there was no evidence that Father Lambert had been dispensed from such an oath, he had not been legally received into the Rochester diocese, and therefore could be legally kicked out.

Then Father Lambert, on considering the dates, thought to himself: "I was ordained in 1859, this oath was prescribed in 1873 and how could I be dispensed from an oath I had never taken. I was received into the diocese of Rochester in 1869 which was several years before these instructions from the Propaganda were received." It was a mere clerical error but Bishop McQuaid persisted in making all the capital he could out of it, and forced your poor priest to go like a beggar asking charity at the door of bishop after bishop, with the probability of receiving scant courtesy from most of them.

Why didn't Dr. McGlynn go to Rome? Because he was a poor priest and to be a mere priest is a title of contempt with these gentry. A smart young Roman would not be such a fool as to be made a parish priest. He would enter the diplomatic service. Such men have only contempt for poor, unambitious priests.

Here is an example of the extraordinary ostracism and cruel outrage that the Bishop heaped upon your defenseless pastor. It is the custom of the clergy to attend theological conferences in the different dioceses four times a year. Father Lambert received a note from the Bishop's secretary informing him that he was dispensed from attending. Father Lambert replied, "I don't wish to be relieved. I am willing to perform and will attend unless positively forbidden by the Bishop." Then the reply came that he was positively forbidden by the Bishop from attending the conference.

How these Christians love one another! Things at last came to such a pass that the priests of the diocese had to entirely give up all friendship for Father Lambert or be nagged at by this Bishop of Rochester. Father Lambert was treated as a leper and as not fit to mingle with these holy men lest he should contaminate them by his very presence. For many years he could not cross the imaginary line that separated him from the nearest neighboring parish. He could not officiate in the humblest position in the church if so invited by a brother clergyman.

At a social gathering to which Father Lambert sent a few verses of greeting to the host, the Bishop of Rochester refused to allow the verses to be read, saying that nothing in regard to that man could be mentioned in his presence.

I do not come here to denounce Bishop McQuaid but these gentlemen have asked me to say something about what I said in New York and I am saying it.

Should there not be as much justice in ecclesiastic as in law courts? Is it not creditable for a priest to befriend the distressed and aid the unfortunate? Yet these very traits in Father Lambert marked him for vengeance in Bishop McQuaid's mind. Yet, attacked as he was, it is a highly creditable thing to be able to say that despite his wrath at Father Lambert, Bishop McQuaid did not dare to remove him from Waterloo. The opportunity longed for was a long time in presenting itself but it came at last through the inexplicable stupidity of a scribe at Rome.

The lofty opinion that Bishop McQuaid has of himself is well illustrated when, on a visit to a parish in his diocese, he permitted the priests before a gaping crowd, that had assembled at a railway station to witness his arrival, to kneel in the mud and kiss the ring on the hand which he graciously extended for that purpose. This upholding of dignity is too often the putting of the cart before the horse. What are all these offices and ceremonies but the building up of an edifice to the glory of God? These dignities are but the scaffolding and when the building is finished we brush them away. Why in God's name couldn't he have shown some decency and bade his subordinates rise or make their submission standing and not bring such reproach on his religion as I have heard from the lips of other worshippers. It is a sad state of affairs where you fear the frown of any man more than the disapproval of your conscience. I am singularly free now to express my own views. It will be a far more blessed age when the people shall have everything to say in choosing bishops and in choosing and retaining priests. To Americans it seems but natural that such should be the state of religious affairs but to suggest such a thing at Rome would be branded the rankest heresy. It is a very serious matter for a man who has entered the priesthood for holy purposes and not for the mere sake of a living, to find himself practically silenced and have nothing to do in order to retain his position as a priest but to silence his conscience. Some say, why did you not do this? I could not retract what I believe to be true. I would go and be burnt at the stake for what I believe to be God's honest truth. Instead of the doctrine of equal rights being contrary to religion it is the very core of all humanity. When I had once stated my opinion that the land belonged to the people and not to the big guard landlords, I could only stand by what I said for it was but my honest opinion. I maintain that a priest, if he fulfills all the duties of his church and does not violate the laws of morality, should be permitted to speak as he pleases. And when I received a letter, as I have done, forbidding me to speak on a certain night and forever ordering me to be silent on political subjects, I thought it was time to file an objection.

I see by a recent issue of a paper in a neighboring town that I have been brought here for the purpose of waking up and disturbing old trouble and denouncing Catholicism. Now the writer calumniates me. I am as good a Catholic as I ever was. I spent two hours at church in Albany on my way up here. Being excommunicated I can not hear mass, yet I attend church regularly all the same. This trouble was caused only on account of my love for the church, because I saw men strengthening their authority at the expense of liberty. Religion is the base of equal rights.

After the lecture Dr. McGlynn was enthusiastically applauded and a large number remained to shake his hand.

Death of M. C. Wade.

Mathew C. Wade died at his residence in Maple street yesterday very unexpectedly. Mr. Wade was a carpenter by trade and for the past nine months has been at work in Pennsylvania. He arrived home yesterday on a vacation intending to attend the reunion of the old Nineteenth of which he was a member. He complained of not feeling well and went to bed about 5 p. m. Shortly he was seen to grasp his head with both his hands and expired. Mr. Wade was a veteran of the late war, having served in Co. G. Nineteenth New York Volunteers, until he contracted a disease of the stomach, which has finally resulted his death. He was a member of Crocker post, and of St. Paul's lodge, F. and A. M., and was respected by all who knew him. His bereaved wife and children will have the sympathy of a large circle of friends.

A Regimental Reunion.

The eighteenth annual reunion of the Nineteenth New York Volunteers and Third N. Y. Light Artillery will be held at the Armory, in this city, September 5. All members of the regiment are members of the Veterans Association and are invited to attend the meeting. Dinner will be served in Seward Post rooms and all visitors will be hospitably entertained by the resident comrades.

After dinner, if the business is completed, the comrades will visit until 7:30 p. m., when they will assemble at the rooms of Seward Post 37, G. A. R., where the evening will be spent in short talks from officers and members of the association, as they may be called upon by the comrades.

Another Member of the Tweed Ring Gone.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—Lorin Ingersoll, a well known millionaire, died yesterday at Portland, Conn., aged 74. He was a prominent member of the Tweed ring. His son, James H., who was more closely connected with the ring, served a term in Auburn prison therefore.

EDITOR'S LUCK.

HE WAS A PROHIBITIONIST AND INFLUENTIAL, TOO.

So His Office was Mobbed and Made a Total Wreck.

AN EXCITING EPISODE IN SOUTH DAKOTA WHICH WILL MAKE A NEWSPAPER'S FORTUNE

VALLEY CITY, S. D., Aug. 29—The office of the Times-Record, of this city was completely demolished by a mob Tuesday night. The editor of the paper is a pronounced Prohibitionist and has used his influence with telling effect both in local affairs and in the recent state convention. The editor has been warned frequently but the effect was to make his attacks upon the whisky element more bitter. At dark, Tuesday night, a mob quietly surrounded the building and at a given signal a rush was made. The door was broken in and the work of destruction commenced. It was not stopped until everything that could be destroyed was demolished. Presses were broken, type thrown into the street, ink spilled on the floor and not a dollar's worth of stock escaped the general wreck. Several participants in the outrage are known and they will be most vigorously prosecuted.

The Yankees Beaten.

BUT THEY HAVE A CHANCE TO WIN AGAIN TO DAY.

"The game between the Canandaiguas and Auburns at Seward avenue park this afternoon will be a championship game, reports to the contrary notwithstanding." That's what Manager Leonard said to a BULLETIN reporter this morning.

Manager Leonard's statement yesterday that the game to day would be simply an exhibition, was made in good faith. He did not know at the time that a vote had been taken on the protested game between the two clubs and that it had been decided to throw it out and play another game. He heard of the decision this morning and expressed much surprise at the action taken by Elmira which voted to give the game to Canandaigua. That could not be done under the rules. It evidences not only the selfish desire of Elmira to get the pennant by any means at command, fair or foul, but her ignorance of the laws of the league. "We can lose the game to day, throw out the Seneca Falls and Oneida games and then win the pennant," said Mr. Leonard. "Elmira has some scheme in view by which she hopes to get the pennant, but what it is I am unable to guess."

The battery for Auburn this afternoon will be Mc Dermott and Roche.

Gallagher and Sharrott, pitchers, Roche and Doyle catchers, Jordan, Rudderham and Walsh basemen, Cole and Burns for regular outfielders, are the ten men selected by Manager Leonard for his eastern tour. They leave Saturday morning.

A meeting of the directors and officers of the Auburn Association will be held tomorrow.

The Canandaiguas defeated the Auburns yesterday as follows:

CANANDAIGUA.

	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E
Connor, 2b	6	2	3	5	2	1
Creegan 1b,	4	1	1	8	0	1
Keeney, cf	5	2	2	6	0	0
Halligan, ss,	6	0	0	1	2	0
Callihan, 3b	5	1	2	1	4	1
Weidman, c	5	1	0	2	1	0
Riordan, rf,	5	2	3	0	0	0
Agan, p	5	2	1	0	1	0
Fee, lf	4	2	1	4	1	0
Total	44	14	14	27	11	3

AUBURNS.

	AB	R	1B	PO	A	E
Burns, cf	5	3	3	5	0	1
Jordan, lf	3	1	0	0	0	0
Keay, ss	4	4	0	1	2	1
Phalen, 1b	5	0	5	13	1	0
Roche, 3b	5	0	0	1	3	2
Clare, rf	5	0	0	4	0	0
Ryan, c	5	0	0	5	1	0
Rudderham, 2b	3	3	1	0	5	0
Oberlander, p	4	1	2	0	4	1
Total	39	12	11	27	16	6

BY DOUBLES.

Canandaigua,	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	8	0	—14
Auburn,	1	1	1	0	1	0	5	3	0	—12

Two base hits, Callihan, Burns and Rudderham three base hits, Phalen 2; Base on balls, by Agan 4, Oberlander 3; hit by pitched ball, Rudderham; wild pitches, Oberlander 2. Passed balls, Weidman 2; earned runs, Auburn 6, Canandaigua 5. Time of game, 2 hours. Umpire, Mills.

On account of sickness in his family, George L. Morse has removed his barber shop to No. 62 State St., first door south of Central hotel.

Races at Weedsport.

THE FAVORITES WIN IN THE 2:30 AND 2:40 CLASSES.

The races at Weedsport, yesterday, were a success. Fully 800 hundred people were present. Chelsea D. sold favorite in the 2:30 class and Enola in the 2:40 class. Westley Ray won the greek race in 2:59 1 4. It was rumored in this race that A. V. was pulled by his driver Mr. Strange. He was allowed to retain his seat, however, till the end of the race. The following is the summary:

2:40 CLASS FOR TROTTERS AND PACERS.

Enola, s m, Len Fancher, Syracuse,	1	1	1
Caryal, ch g, Mr Ferris, Weedsport,	2	2	2
Manified, b g, Mr Hutchinson, Auburn,	3	3	3
Via, b m, Mr Reynolds, Union Springs,	4	4	4
Bay Lambert, b g, R Leonard, Fulton,	5	5	5

Time, 2:39¼, 2:39¾, 2:39¼.

2:30 CLASS, TROTTERS AND PACERS.

Chelsea D, C Dennison, Wolcott,	3	1	1
Roscoe, Emmet Cornell, Syracuse,	1	6	2
Billy M, M E Cornell, Syracuse,	6	2	3

Time 2:41, 2:32¾, 2:31¼, 2:33.

Hunting Grounds, AUBURN, N. Y.,—At a regular council fire of Sa-on-chi-og-wan Tribe No. 86, kindled in Damon hall on the sleep of Tuesday, August 27th, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Wigwam of Sa-on-chi-og-wan Tribe No. 86 Improved O. R. M., 27th Sun, Sturgeon Moon, G. S. D., 398.

Resolved, That the thanks of this tribe are due, and are hereby extended to the following brothers and pale faces for the many courtesies and favors extended to this tribe during the session of the Great Council 13, 14 15 and 16th Sun's Sturgeon Moon, G. S. D., 398

Resolved, That the Chief of Records be instructed to publish these resolutions in the daily papers and mail a marked copy to the address of all the persons named below:

Alfred Patrick, Henry Trank, the Midget Quartette, Geo D Miles, Leary Quinn, Horatio Scott, Hugh Reynolds, E B Richardson, Jr, Dey Brothers, John J O'Brien, Chas F Durston.

F I WORDEN, Sachem. — R B STALKER, Chief of Records.

The party who took the tricycle, probably by mistake, from outside the Fair store, will please return the same at once and save further trouble.

Instructed for Noyes.

THE SOUTH DISTRICT SOLID FOR THE OWASCAN—HUNTER'S BOOMLET.

MORAVIA, Aug. 29.—There was little excitement over the second district convention of the Republicans today and the attendance outside of the delegates was meager. The Hunter men were few and far between and it was early so evident that the convention belonged to Noyes that his adherents did not take the precaution to have tickets printed. This was a parsimonious mistake the Hunter people were not guilty of. At noon Luther S. Goodrich of Auburn, called the meeting to order. Terry Everson of Moravia was made chairman, with George R Peck of Auburn and A M Fekell of Springport as secretaries. Then a recess was taken until 1 p. m. to allow the delegates a chance to acquire suitable indigestion. On reassembling, it was suddenly discovered by the Noyes men that the Hunter men had a printed ticket ready for balloting and they were obliged to dawdle the proceedings while they wrote ballots for the faithful. When this was accomplished, a vote was taken. The Noyes men had 75 votes while the Hunter men had but 18. The Senatorial delegates are:

W J H Parker, W P Robinson, F B Ryan, John G Hosmer, Luther S Goodrich.

The State delegates named without opposition were:

John N Knapp, of Auburn; E B Rounds, of Niles; S E Payne, of Auburn; John Tifft, of Genoa; R J Myers, of Auburn and E Cook, of Springport.

The senatorial delegates were instructed for Noyes and both delegations were told to fill vacancies if any should occur. W T Parker, of Moravia, L S Goodrich, of Auburn, and John G Hosmer of Aurelius, having been appointed the district committee, the convention adjourned.

In Seneca County.

THE RICHARDSON SIDE TAKES AN INNINGS—MONEY SAID TO BE FLOWING FREELY.

SENECA FALLS, Aug 29.—The funeral of the late Margaret Ann McGee occured this morning from St Patricks church. She was about 33 years of age and died at St Mary's hospital in Rochester on Monday.

The death of Elsie Littlejohn occured last evening. She was a daughter of William Littlejohn and about 17 years of age. She had been ailing for some time. Her death is regretted by a large circle of friends.

The wedding of James Rogers and Miss Alice McConnell occurred this morning at St Patricks church.

George Hosmer of Syracuse has leased and will conduct a livery at the Gibbs stable in State street.

The grocers are making large shipments of pears.

The committee on the reunion of the First veteran cavalry, say that the prospects are that a large crowd will be here Sept. 4 and 5.

The Junius caucus went against Sweet, while Ovid went in his favor. It is quite certain that Sweet will carry the entire south end of the county. Fabulous sums are said to have been offered to men in Junius to change their base from Sweet to anti-Sweet. It seems that all the corrupt tactics are not with the Sweet crowd.

WATERLOO, Aug. 29.—John Boots and E J Botsford left this morning for Poughkeepsie to enter Eastman's business college.

The wedding of Paul Tuch and Miss Mary Bisch took place yesterday morning at St Paul's church, Rev. Dr. Duff performing the ceremony.

Prof. A R Serven returned from the east last evening.

The Richardson men had their innings yesterday and secured the delegates from Junius to the Romulous convention. The delegates were balloted for separately, the first one receiving 23 majority and the second 34. The Sweet men then gave up the contest and the other three were elected by acclamation.

George S. Deepos and Miss Cornelia Crandall were married Tuesday evening at St. Paul's rectory, by Rev. Dr. Duff.

The Waterloos defeated the Varick ball team at the fair grounds yesterday, by a score of 26 to 7.

Jewett Tubbs left this morning on his bicycle for a trip to Ithaca, where he will visit friends for a few days.

A County Ticket.

THE PROHIBITIONISTS PUT ONE IN THE FIELD TO DAY.

Dr. E. E. Osborn, chairman of the county committee, called the Prohibition county convention to order at 11 o'clock, at the Court house this morning. The first business was to elect a secretary and William Penn Sisson of Ledyard was chosen unanimously. The following committees were then appointed by the chairman after which the convention adjourned until 1:30 p. m.:

On credentials—Dr Sprague of Weedsport; John C Peckham of Ledyard; E A Burr of Auburn.

On permanent organization, first assembly district—Philander Powers of Cato; Oscar Gutchess of Brutus. Second district—John L Searing of Ledyard; Charles H Lakey of Moravia, Ezra Underhill.

On resolutions—Rev J H Zartman and William Osborn.

At the afternoon session William Penn Sisson was made permanent chairman and George W. Culver and W. H. Curtiss permanent secretaries. The committee on resolutions reported.

C H Lakey of Moravia, was nominated for sheriff but declined and named G W Culver of Scipio, who was nominated unanimously. Alonzo M White, editor of the Temperance Herald, was nominated for county judge; William Penn Sisson for surrogate and John M Freese of Aurelius for justice of sessions.

A Chromo and a Ride.

SHARP COMPETITION PAID TO HAVE BEGUN ON OWASCO LAKE.

When Alderman Hoyle became the proprietor of the steamer Moravia, he inaugurated a new schedule of passenger rates which was lower than the old rate of the Lady of the Lake and other yachts on the lake. The other yacht owners formed a combination and, it is said, are preparing to force the Moravia back to the old rates. It is said the war commenced today, when Captain Clark commenced carrying passengers on the Lady of the Lake free. Rumor has it that Captain Clark captured three parties this afternoon, who had engaged to go on the Moravia, by giving them free passage to his lakeside resort.

It is believed by leading jewellers that the prop[illegible] Trust would be a glitterin[illegible] adelphia Press.

THE RUSH,

STILL EFFICIENTLY PATROLLING THE BEURING SEA.

Capturing 300 Elegant Skins While 1,000,000 Come Legally to Port.

BRITISH SEALERS FORMING AN ASSOCIATION FOR MUTUAL PROTECTION.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 29.—A letter by the steamer St. Paul, from Gunalaska, from an officer on board the cutter Rush, says that the latter, on August 6th, captured the British schooner Lilly, of Van Couvers, while taking seal in Behring sea. Three hundred skins were found on board the Lilly, which were seized and transferred to the Rush. A prize crew of one man was put on the schooner, with orders to take her to Sitka. The seized vessels will have three cases tried in the Alaska district court. The Rush expected to be relieved by the Bear at Gunalaska, when she will proceed to San Francisco. Fourteen sealers in all have been boarded by the Rush and warned to leave the Behring Sea in addition to the six captured. The cargo of the St. Paul consisted of 100,000 seal skins.

VICTORIA, B. C., Aug. 29—It is now denied that Vice Consul Marvin of Victoria, is part owner of the seized sealing schooner. E. B. Marvin, ship chandler and part owner of the Sapphire and Vice Consul Marvin are different persons. Frank, who has figured as the owner of the Black Diamond, was a citizen of the United States but was a partner with her former owner, J Guttman, a British subject, who was lost with all on board. All the sealing schooners which have cleared at the custom house for Behring sea this year are registered by British subjects. An association was formed by the sealing schooners on Tuesday night.

Ashbury Park Agitated.

SAMUEL PATTERSON FILES A BILL FOR ABSOLUTE DIVORCE AGAINST HIS YOUNG AND PRETTY WIFE.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Aug. 29.—Samuel A Patterson of Asbury Park has instituted proceedings for a divorce from his wife on the ground of adultery. The case is the principal topic of conversation among the residents and city visitors. Mr. Patterson is the son of George W Patterson, the author of the general railroad of the State, and as master of the State court of Chancery. Mrs. Patterson was formerly Miss Tulliah Larrison of Newark. Mr. and Mrs. Patterson have been married about three years. Mrs. Patterson is a handsome blonde, with plump form, gray eyes and dark brown hair and is very fond of society. While Mr Patterson delved into law books in the evenings his pretty wife was escorted to the hops and late suppers. On last Saturday some of his friends told Mr. Patterson that his wife was going about with too many men. He was astounded but began to take note of her actions. That evening Lloyd McKee was detected with Mrs. Patterson and was arrested on a warrant. He confessed to the charge of adultery. The injured husband confronted his wife with the proof of her guilt. The unhappy woman went to the house of ex-Assemblyman Patterson, her father in-law, and asked him to help her, but to no effect. Mr. Patterson has filed application for an absolute divorce.

George Fawcett Rowe's Illness.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—George Fawcett Rowe, the well known actor and playwright, is very ill at the Gleniam hotel, this city, and is not expected to recover. His ailment is heart trouble, complicated with Bright's disease. He is about 60 years old and a native of England.

Two Important Appointments.

DEER PARK, Aug. 29.—President Harrison made two New York appointments this morning. Gen. James M. Warner was appointed postmaster and John W. Bailey surveyor of the port at Albany.

School Books.

Remember that it is for your interest to call on us before purchasing your School Books. We have a large stock and they must be sold. WEEKS, COSGUM & CO., 22 Market St.

BULLETINED NEWS.

Dr. F. H. Parker went to Cayuga this morning on a fishing excursion.

The United States Signal Bureau at Washington predicts for this afternoon: *fair, slightly warmer; southwesterly winds.*

The work of excavating for the addition to the City hall, for the accommodation of female prisoners was commenced yesterday.

Roundsman Roseboom went to Buffalo this morning to bring back George A. Johnson, charged with abandoning his wife and family.

The 10:40 east bound train carried a G. A. R. excursion from Rochester to Canandaigua this morning and consequently arrived in Auburn 38 minutes late.

James J Carr, Samuel F Rathbun, and J J Brigden of the Auburn Gun club attended a prize shoot at Lyons, yesterday, and captured some of the money offered.

George L Morse the barber was compelled to remove his shop from 93 to 62 State street, on account of diptheria in his family. The Board of Health quarantined his former stand.

William Krause of Owasco street yesterday accomplished the feat of swimming Owasco lake, from Long Point in a diagonal course, making a distance of over a mile. He was in the water about three quarters of an hour.

Aug. Koenig, John Romp, John Vaderloo and Geo. Roach tried their skill at shooting at king birds yesterday for a keg of powder. Koenig made the highest score, breaking twenty out of twenty five birds and the others paid for the keg.

The One hundredth and eleventh New York Infantry will dedicate their memorial monument at Gettysburg October 2. It was expected the dedication would occur September 14th, but postponement to a later date was found necessary.

Burt Sanford, a colored boy about 14 years of age was arrested yesterday at Weedsport by Officer J. M. Bennett on a telegram from Union Springs that he was wanted there for burglary and larceny on the charge of stealing $17. The boy formerly lived in this city.

The members of St. Alphonsus church society wish to return thanks to Captain George Clark for the use of the grounds at Enesenore, on the occasion of the picnic of the parochial school, and to all others who in any way contributed to make the picnic so happy and enjoyable.

A Young Lochinvar.

HE RIDES OUT OF THE WEST IN TRUE SCOTTISH STYLE.

LOS ANGELES, Cala., Aug. 29.—There is great excitement at San Juan Capistrino over the kidnapping of Marie Hobona, aged 17, by the noted bandit, Silvester Moroles. Moroles was seen carrying her away on horseback and a vigorous pursuit was organized. The bandit's horse gave out and he entered the stable of Henry Charles, intending to steal a horse. Charles was in the stable and was shot dead. The father of the abducted girl accompanied the officers to the scene of the murder to endeavor to find some trace of his daughter. He said the girl had never seen Moroles until last Wednesday night when he came to the house at San Drequito when she was in bed. He compelled her to dress, mount the horse and ride away with him. Friday they were seen at San Juan and were chased by an officer who captured one horse and the girl's clothing. The desperado was last seen with the girl going toward Trobura Canon. He is a desperate man and swears he will not be taken alive. An extra posse has gone out to help the sheriff.

To be Tried Together.

THE CRONIN SUSPECTS, EXCEPT WOODRUFF, LOSE THEIR FIRST POINT.

CHICAGO, Aug. 29.—Judge McConnell's decision on the motion for separate trials in the cases of Coughlin, Beggs, Burke, O'Sullivan and Woodruff, which was just given, is to the effect that, in the cases of the first four mentioned, it is denied. Woodruff however, is granted a separate trial.

The attorneys for Coughlin, Beggs, Burke and O'Sullivan demanded an immediate trial.

Judge Longenecker asked a continuance.

After a wrangle the matter was laid over until to morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

A Clergyman's Suit.

GALESBURG, Ill., Aug. 29.—A decided sensation was created here yesterday when thirty prominent citizens were cited to appear before the United States circuit court in October as defendants in a suit instituted by Rev. C. A. Nydiadh. Nydiadh was transient pastor of the First Lutheran church last fall and was discharged because of reports alleging that he was the father of Anna Anderson's child. He escaped a trial on the charges because the case was outlawed. He charges several of the defendants with false imprisonment and the others with defamation of character and asks for $25,000 damages.

Fire at Sacketts Harbor.

WATERTOWN, Aug. 29.—A fire, which is supposed to be of incendiary origin, destroyed the business portion of Sacketts Harbor last night. The telegraph and telephone offices, every saloon in the place, dry goods and grocery, hardware and general stores and warehouses were all destroyed. The village has no fire engine and the efforts of the United States regulars, at Madison barracks, with an old fashioned hand pump engine, alone saved the whole town from destruction. The loss is about $40,000.

Bears Running Through the Streets.

HELENA, Mont., Aug. 29—All danger to the city from the forest fires is passed. The fires have all subsided. The timber fires near Anaconda, Tuesday, spread very rapidly. Game in the mountains was compelled to flee to the valleys for life. Two bears ran through the city and disappeared in the foot hills with a score of horsemen in pursuit. The Anaconda Fluming company's works are in great danger from a fire which started in Union. The company has 75,000 cords of wood stored in their camp. A large force of men have gone to the camp to fight the fire.

Germany Insulted.

VICTORIA, B. C., Aug 29.—Excitement has been caused in shipping circles here through the action of Admiral Hanecop in forcibly towing the German bark, J H Husted, from her anchorage in Esquimault harbor to the harbor entrance, though her master protested and ran up the German colors. The bark was discharging coal and Admiral Hanecop sent word to Capt. Reinears to move out as he desired anchorage for a war vessel. The captain refused to do so and the admiral sent an officer and blue jackets to move the vessel.

He Was Alive and Well.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 29—Judge Joshua Clayton, vice president of the Sonora Gold and Silver Mining company, created consternation at the Mining and Stock Exchange, yesterday afternoon by walking in and greeting his friends after extensive obituaries had been published concerning him. The judge had not returned from the grave but from an extensive mine inspection. During his absence, another mining man named Clayton was killed in a stage accident.

Illinois Has a Drouth.

BELVIDERE, Ill., Aug. 29.—A fearful drouth is prevailing in this and surrounding counties. Everything is literally burning up. There has been no rain here during this month and crops and pastures are suffering terribly. The unusually hot weather of the last three days has tended to prematurely ripen corn with the ears but partially grown. Many farmers are preparing to cut and shuck their corn in the field and not take any chances on having an early frost.

Are They Train Robbers?

SALT LAKE CITY, Aug. 29—The two men charged with having held up and robbed the Rio Grande & Western train on Aug 6th, have been brought to this place and are lodged in the penitentiary. Their names are James Ramville and Charles Curtis. Both men deny any complicity in the affair.

To be Brought back to Cortland.

CHICAGO, Aug 29—Sheriff Borthwick, of Cortland county, N. Y., has arrived here to take back with him O. E. Frink. The latter was the owner of a creamery, at Lapeer and left there on July 1, leaving debts of $1,600 due to the farmers for milk.

Tarred and Feathered.

BARNESTON, N. B., Aug. 29—A. M. Forsyth and a Mrs. Kiler were visited by a committee of citizens yesterday afternoon and given a coat of tar and feathers. They were then ordered to leave the country. They went. They were charged with immoral conduct.

SYRACUSE'S WATER,

SHALL IT HEREAFTER BE OBTAINED FROM SKANEATELES LAKE?

The Canal Board Hearing Arguments on the Question Today.

OUR NEIGHBOR CITY'S GREAT FIGHT FOR SOMETHING PURE TO DRINK.

ALBANY, Aug. 29.—The canal board met in the Assembly parlor this morning and gave a hearing under the act passed by the Legislature of 1889 authorizing the city of Syracuse, if the canal board concur, to take its water supply from Skaneateles lake. Lieutenant Governor Jones presided and State Engineer Bogart, Comptroller Wemple, Attorney General Tabor and State Treasurer Fitzgerald occupied seats at the table. The attendance was very large, more than sixty interested parties being present. The lieutenant governor said the board would first hear the application of the city of Syracuse and then the parties in opposition. The board proposed to be thoroughly informed before taking any action in the matter. In justice to Mr. Shanahan, superintendent of public works, the lieutenant governor said he was absent on account of illness. A large delegation from Buffalo and Syracuse was present. E. E. Blackmar was in attendance from the New York Produce exchange and George Barrow from Skaneateles. Engineer J. J. Cross was represented by W. E. Hill. E. Cowen, of Troy, represented Judge Comstock, of Syracuse.

P B McLennan, of Syracuse, said he was present to day as a member of the water board of Syracuse. Their application would be presented by C L Stone. The project of taking the water from Skaneatales lake had received the emphatic endorsement of the citizens of Syracuse, who were in great need of an adequate supply. Very little opposition had been manifested in the legislature and the measure passed the assembly almost unanimously.

C L Stone said that the Legislature had heard before the opposition to that bill, the opposition of the mill owners who feared that their water supply would be decimated; the opposition of the people of Skaneateles village and the opposition of the Forwarders Association of the city of Buffalo and those who assumed to represent the interests of the canals and had practically approved of the project. "We recognize the fact that the board is the guardian and protector of the canals and we do not assume to do anything which will jeopardize that interest. Skaneateles lake is the natural source of our water supply, given to us by Almighty God, designed by nature for its use. We ask the consent of this board to permit the city of Syracuse, at its own expense, to store the water during the winter season and use it for the supply of our own population. During the last sixteen years the canals have been closed, on the average, 152 days or about five months every year. During the close of navigation, we can store 43,200,000 gallons a day during the whole year. This is even more than we can use, as the mere conduit, in case our application is granted, will carry but 15,000,000 gallons. The city at present uses only 7,000,000 gallons per day. Mr. Stone presented an array of figures, maps, charts, etc., in substantiation of his argument and submitted them to the board. "The City of Syracuse," he said, "is not asking of you anything beyond its natural rights. It asks no favors of the board."

Geo Barrow, representing the mill owners along Skaneateles lake, the towns of Skaneateles and Elbridge and indirectly, also, the interests of the Erie canal, claimed that the gentlemen who represent the affirmative should present their case in full and give the opposition a chance to put in expert testimony in rebuttal.

Hon. Eeek Cowen said he appeared for Judge Comstock who could not come on account of illness. He agreed with Mr. Stone that the maint point under discussion is "Whether the taking of water from Skaneateles lake will jeopardize the interests of the Erie canal." He assumed from Judge Comstock's letter that the hearing was to be in the nature of a judicial inquiry and, therefore, the opposition would be given an opportunity to present expert testimony bearing on their side of the case. He thought a short delay would not be dangerous.

P. B. McLennon, of Syracuse, opposed any further delay. The testimony of expert witnesses was not necessary.

E. E. Blackmar said he appeared for the New York Produce Exchange, which organization, composed of 3,000 merchants, firmly believes that the commercial supremacy of the State depends upon the maintenance of the Erie canal. The taking of water from the Jordan level must necessarily interfere with the proper navigation of the Erie canal and for that reason, if no other, the Exchange was opposed to it.

Superintendent Stebbins, of the central division of the Erie canal, read from a pamphlet his reasons for opposing the scheme. He believed it would jeopardize the interests of the canals and could not be instituted without detriment to the State's waterways.

The hearing is still in progress.

The Black Diamond.

SHE WAXES BOLD AND STARTS ON ANOTHER SEALING VOYAGE.

NEW YORK, Aug 29.—A special to the Herald from Victoria, B. C., says: The Black Diamond left here this morning, ostensib